

## THE INTELLIGENCER.

Published Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

The Daily Intelligencer is delivered by Carriers in Wheeling and adjacent towns at 15 cents per week.

By Mail, Postage Free in the United States.

Daily, One Year, \$5.00

Daily, Six Months, 3.00

Daily, Three Months, 1.50

Semi-Weekly, One Year, 2.50

Semi-Weekly, Six Months, 1.25

Weekly, One Year, 1.00

Weekly, Six Months, .60

Great reductions to Clubs. Send for sample copies and circulars. Address

J. H. W. CAMPBELL &amp; HART,

WHEELING, W. VA.

[Entered at the Postoffice at Wheeling, W. Va., as second-class matter.]

## The Intelligencer.

WHEELING, W. VA., OCTOBER 6, 1888.

## NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,

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FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

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FOR SENATE AT-LARGE,

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T. P. DAVIES, of Fayette County.

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Second—J. H. W. CAMPBELL, of Monongalia.

Third—J. H. W. CAMPBELL, of Upshur.

Fourth—J. H. W. CAMPBELL, of Hancock.

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FOR TREASURER,

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JOHN W. MANN, of Taylor County;

H. C. MCWHORTER, of Kanawha County.

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Second District—J. H. W. CAMPBELL, of Berkeley.

Third District—J. H. W. CAMPBELL, of Hancock.

Fourth District—J. H. W. CAMPBELL, of Wood.

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FOR STATE SENATE.

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HUGO L. LOCK,

THOMAS H. LOGAN,

W. M. DUNLAP.

SHERIFF.

THOMAS C. NOFFAT,

PROSECUTOR AT-LARGE.

JOSEPH D. ELSON.

ASSISTANT.

CITY—THOMAS M. JONES,

COUNTY—A. J. SCHULZE.

POTATO growers don't like the idea

of having potatoes put on the free list,

as the Mills bill does. Potatoes vote.

"This dear colored man" did very well

as a Democratic cat in the bag. Now

that the cat has been let out of the bag,

it doesn't look so well.

The size of Atkinson's majority will

have a wholesome effect on the next

convention of Democrats in the First

District. Hereafter better material will

be offered by that side of the house.

MARKET street, at Parkersburg, is to be

paved with common brick on the

Charleston plan. Parkersburg is one of

the West Virginia towns which are

rapidly assuming metropolitan proportions.

No Free Trade stumper has murdered

Golf for the past two days. What has

become of those bounding buccaners?

The people expect them to serve up

Golf on toast at least once every twenty-

four hours.

The Senate tariff bill speaks for Amer-

ican and the Americans. The House

tariff bill speaks for England and the

English. The former is based on the

principle of Protection, the latter on the

principle of Free Trade.

PROTECTIONISTS have this decided ad-

vantage—they can hold up their heads

and talk right out in meeting. They do

not have to keep dodging for fear some-

body will throw a Mills bill at them and

kill them with their own ammunition.

THOMAS JEFFERSON would not have ac-

cepted a nomination with a Mills bill for

a platform. Neither would Andrew

Jackson. If those Statesmen were alive

they would be as dumb as Randall or if

they would be supporting the nominees

for Protection.

WHEELING steel manufacturers and

Ohio county wool growers would be

glad if the Senate Tariff bill could be

passed. The interests of West Virginia

are justly, and by comparison with the

Mills bill, generously treated by the

new measure. It is not a declaration of

"a war of extermination" upon any-

thing.

Mr. ATKINSON is speaking every day

and often twice a day, always to the

satisfaction of the people. His discus-

sion of the tariff is frank and clear. He

is on a mission of instruction, and he

leaves to the Keeper of the Vampires

the fireworks. A natural and pleasing

result is that there are more demands

for Atkinson than Atkinson can attend

to.

AND there was our old friend, Charley

Wells, the Glover's Gap statesman,

writing letters to "My Dear Mr. Lan-

man," helping on the good work of the

Independent Colored Men—who were

not allowed to know that their indepen-

dence meant that they were to be

hitched as a tail to the Democratic kite.

Chairman Riley must have misled Col.

Wells as to the nature of that move-

ment.

THERE is no possibility of the passage

of any tariff bill this year. The Senate

and the House are too wide apart on this

question to come together in conference.

If this were not the situation, it would

be worth while to inquire seriously

whether it is safe to reduce the revenue

so greatly as each bill provides. The

latest appropriations leave little of the

so-called current surplus.

Their Love for the Colored Man.

The Democratic managers in West

Virginia were willing to do all they

could to organize an Independent Colored

Men's Party, but they were not

willing that the rank and file of the

colored men should know there were

any Democratic fingers in the colored

pie. The publication of some very in-

teresting letters in the INTELLIGENCER—

letters of as much interest to the pub-

lic as to the Democratic writers as the pub-

lishes not only that the wire-pulling

was done by Democrats, but that the

desperation of the Democratic man-

agers in this State has not been overesti-

mated.

"Is 42 per cent Free Trade," asks Mr.

Mills. It may be. Why not? The

English figure is 69 per cent, and no-

body denies that England is a Free

Trade country according to the Cobden

understanding of that term. The ques-

tion of Free Trade or Protection is not

determined by the amount of revenue

raised nor by the average percentage on

imports. For example, a duty of more

than 100 per cent on rice is no Protection

to the wool-grower, whose product

is put on the free list. This matter of

the percentage of duties has been great-

ly juggled by the Free Traders, who

must have expected to pull through be-

fore being caught.

Does This Mean Free Trade?

Since the country has given unmis-

takable signs of revolt against the Demo-

cratic policy Mr. Mills has been trying

to do a little leading, asking, "Does this

look like Free Trade?" and the lesser

lights have been following suit. Now

and then Mr. Mills gives a wild Texan

freedom to what he is pleased to call

his mind, and then the country has from

the lips of this eminent Democrat and

Free Trader just what it is that his

party will do if it gets the chance. In

this line here comes a choice extract

from a speech made by Mr. Mills at

East St. Louis, Ill., September 25, 1888:

If Grover Cleveland is re-elected

President of the United States—as he

will be (as every one will be)—if any

other Democratic House of Representa-

tives is chosen, and if we can get our

Republican friends out of the other end

of the Capitol and get Democrats in

place of them, then we will pass a tariff

bill that will put raw materials all on the

free list, and then we will put our own

intelligent and skillful and productive

labor in this country upon a plane of

equality with the laborers of all other

countries.

Now if there be one thing more than

another that we don't want to do it is

to "put our own intelligent and skillful

and productive labor in this country

upon a plane of equality with the labor-

ers of all other countries." We don't

like the level of the labor of other coun-

tries; we don't like the level of the

laborer's living in other countries; we

don't intend to pull down our level to

the foreign level; we don't intend to

support a party which proposes a thing

so barbarous.

Yes, Mr. Mills, this from you "looks

like Free Trade," and it fits in with your

bill.

WELLINGTON'S COLORED SCHOOL TEACHER

Why He is not Encouraged by the Patrons

of the School.

To the Editor of the Intelligencer.

Sir:—We are sorry to have to note the

fact that the *Wheeling Register*, an al-

leged newspaper of your city, is contin-

uing to degrade its columns by publishing

the insane sayings of some lunatic at large

in our usually quiet village, made a

lunatic, no doubt by the misreading of

a little Democratic scheme, that when

first conceived was supposed by them

to be the "cutest" and the greatest polit-

ical scheme that ever emanated from the

fertile brain of any modern disciple of

the great and mighty Jefferson. By reason

of this misreading the aforesaid

lunatic is venting his rage and venom on

the Republicans of Wheeling. He has

enough of the element in him of

which his wife and millions here are

made of to assert that the Republicans

of the town are prohibiting colored

children from attending school! Great

Lazars! If Tom Pepper was really

kicked out of you know-for-lying,

where will the modern Munchausen

ever find a home?

All respectable people, irrespective of

party, unite in denouncing the *Register*

correspondent as a wilful misconstruer

of facts. His real aim is to appear to

the hidden behind any reasonable love for

the rights of his colored brother, and

will possibly last until the 7th of

November.

Who is this Mr. Turner who so shamefully per-

secutes the cause of his colored brother?

When he first honored Wheeling with

his presence he was to be found in

Barnes' barber shop, where, we suppose,

he first conceived the idea of slandering

gentlemen of Democratic inclinations.

It is not likely that he will be a

gentle reader, and I will take the un-

pleasant liberty of writing him.

FIRST CHRONICLES.

Now, when he had dwelt in the home

of the Barnes for nearly a twelve-month,

it appeared unto Mr. Barnes that he

was not a fit companion for the members

of his household, inasmuch as he was

rearing a brood of little Barnes, and the

influence of his company was such that

it would probably result disastrously to

them in after life.

Now, it so happened in those days that

there was one John Lewis in the land,

who, by reason of his desire to secure

the nomination for Hugh Sherid, was in

need of votes, and he said unto his house-

hold, "Let this man be brought hither."

And straightway our hero was brought

unto the household of Lewis. Now, af-

ter the sun had gone down on the day

of the battle, it was found that the hosts

of one Joseph, who had been reinforced

by foreign tribes, had been too powerful

for the house of Lewis and Joseph secured

the prize.

After these things came to pass, the

tribes of Grover, who had witnessed the

valor of this young man, gathered them-

selves together and reasoned thusly:

"Verily, we can use him to advantage.

We shall make a tale of him and great

glory will be ours. We shall make him

the chief instructor for the colored youth

of our land, in the annex set apart for

them. We will give him gold that he

may attend the convention which we

have called for his race at the city of

Charleston."

Now on the morning of the third day

after the chief sachens had gathered to-

gether, our hero arose early, arrayed

himself in rare jewels provided by the

chief butler, and wended his way to the

keeper of the treasure, and after awak-

ening him, and reminding him of his

need, was not allowed to away empty.

Now, by reason of his borrowed linen

and fine watch our hero received many

honors in that land of Kanawha, and

on the day of the tribes of Grover, he